Matrix of Proposed 18.44 Edits

Section	Change	Comment Summary/Staff Discussion	Source	Recommendation	PC Action
		The proposed changes do not expand the existing			
		buffers or significantly change the permitted shoreline			
		uses. They are unlikely to create new non-conformities.			
		From the Department of Ecology: It's reasonably			
		clear that most common forms of regulations limiting			
		property use does not require compensation, even			
	Purpose and Applicability	where a property's value has been significantly			
	Commenter: The purpose should include fiscal prudence and respect of	diminished. This holds as long as the regulation is			
	private property rights. Has an analysis of economic impact been made with	reasonably related to protecting legitimate public			
	respect to the SMP and these proposed changes? The indifference to	interests. The SMA addresses the takings issue by			
	economic impact is not only extremely risky but contrary to portions of the	identifying the public purposes of the law and requiring			
10 44 010	economic development element of the Comp Plan.	appropriate flexibility in its implementation.	Public - D4 p.1	Staff - No change	No action required
18.44.010	economic development element of the comp Flan.		Fublic - D4 p. i	Stall - No Change	INO action required
	Shoreline Use Matrix:	Request to clarify that fill that occurs as part of a flood	Dublic D1 item		
40.44.000		· ·	Public - D1 item	Otaff Males Obsesses	Ohanan an ahaum
18.44.030	Fill for remediation, flood hazard reduction, or ecological restoration	conditional use.	I	Staff - Make Change	Change as shown
		Commenter stated that these uses should be kept as			
		conditional due to the impacts to a Shoreline of State			
		Wide Significance. Staff responds that due the			
	Shoreline Use Matrix:	emphasis on public access and enjoyment in the SMA it			
	Recreational facilties, including boat launching (public) - Permitted subject to	is appropriate to allow these uses without the additional			No change from the
18.44.030	notes 3 and 23.		Public D8 p.2	Staff - No change	Staff Draft
		Commenter states given the known ecological impacts			
		associated with overwater structures we strongly			
	Shoreline Use Matrix:	encourage the higher standard of conditional use. There			
	Piers, Docks and other overwater structures - Permitted Conditional in the	is some protection built into the requirements in the			No change from the
18.44.030	buffer subject to notes 19, 20, 21	notes but Staff supports the change.	Public D8 p.2	Staff - Make Change	Staff Draft
1	Shoreline Use Matrix: Edit to note				
	11. The maximum height of the fence along the shoreline shall not exceed				
	four feet in residential areas or, except a maximum height of six feet in				
	commercial areas may be allowed where there is a demonstrated need to	Commenter states that fencing is important to the safety			
	ensure public safety and security of property., and so long as the fence is	of the public and the security of goods and materials			
	located directly adjacent to existing paved areas, and tThe fence shall not	stored on property and proposes adding the language		Staff - Make the	
	extend waterward beyond the top of the bank. Chain-link fences must be	shown in red. Staff suggests the revisions to that		combined public and	Change per staff
18.44.030	vinyl coated.	language in blue.	Public - D5 p.3	staff changes	recommendation
	Shoreline Use Matrix:	This current code language has been moved into a			
	Note 29. Patios and decks are permitted within the shoreline buffer so long	footnote of the use table. Commissioner Mann			
	as they do not exceed 18 inches in height, are limited to a maximum of 200				
	square feet and 50% of the width of the river frontage. Decks or patios must				
	be located landward of the top of the bank and be constructed to be pervious				No change from the
18.44.030	and of environmentally-friendly materials.		PC	Staff - No change	Staff Draft

TMC 18.44 Edits Page 1 of 7

Section	Change	Comment Summary/Staff Discussion	Source	Recommendation	PC Action
		Per note 31 vehicle bridges are already limited to			
		locations where they connect public rights-of-way.			
	Shoreline Use Matrix:Vehicle	Essential streets are defined as limited to locations			
	Bridges (public) Add a new note 35. Not permitted in the transition zone.	"where no feasible alternative location exists based on			
		an analysis of technology and system efficiency."		Staff - Do not add	No change from the
18.44.030		18.06.285	Public - D4 p. 3	language	Staff Draft
		Commenter states that given Tukwila's urban			
		landscape, the existing required buffers are already			
	4. The Director may reduce the standard buffer on a case-by-case basis by	below BAS for fully functioning riparian buffers.			
	14. The Director may reduce the standard buller on a case-by-case basis by	Reducing the buffer by 50% is not founded in BAS. We			
	up to 50% upon construction of the following cross section: a. Reslope bank from OHWM (not toe) to be no steeper than 3:1, using bioengineering	encourage the City to apply the standard in the CAO.			
	from crivin (not tee) to be no steeper than e.r., using bloomgineering	I Staff responds that this is an example of the incentives			
	recommedes b. William and 20 baner landward from top or bank c. bank and	praised by commenter. In most cases the width needed			
	remaining buffer to be planted with native species with high habitat value	to provide the cross section would not allow for a full			Retain current 2.5:1
		50% reduction. This is a provision found in our current			slope in Urban
18.44.040 A		code and not a new proposal.	Public D8 p.2	Staff - No change	Conservancy
	5. Upon reconstruction of a levee to the levee standards of this chapter, the				
	Director may reduce the buffer to actual width required for the levee. If fill is				
	placed along the back slope of a new levee, the buffer may be reduced to				
	the point where the ground plane intersects the back slope of the levee. If the	The King County Flood Control District which currently			
	property owner provides a 15 foot levee maintenance easement landward	provides maintenance and inspection of levees within			
	from the landward toe of the levee or levee wall which: 1) meets the width	Tukwila has increased its access road standard from 10			
	required by the agency providing maintenance; 2) prohibits the construction	to 15 feet. This may be modified again in the future so			
	of any structures and 3) allows the City to access the area to inspect the	instead of providing a specific number Staff's suggestion			
	levee and make any necessary repairs; then that area may be outside of the	is to reference whatever standard is in place at the time	Staff/Public - D1		
	shoreline buffer and allow incidental uses such as parking.	of levee reconstruction.	Item 2	Staff - Make Change	Change as shown
		This current code language limits building height in the			
		shoreline for those zones with allowed heights greater			
		than 45 feet - TUC-CC, TUC-WP, HI, MIC-H, TVS. This			
		can cause developers to place parking within shoreline			
		jurisdiction rather than the proposed building. If the			
		height limit was removed the incentive below would no			
		longer apply. All projects over 35 feet would still be			
	b. 45 feet between the outside landward edge of the River Buffer and 200	subject to the State standard of not blocking the views of			Change to 65 foot
		a substantial number of residences.	PC	Staff - No change	height limit

TMC 18.44 Edits Page 2 of 7

	Change	Comment Summary/Staff Discussion	Source	Recommendation	PC Action
	d. The Director may approve a 3015% increase in height for structures within				
	the shoreline jurisdiction if the project proponent provides additional				
	restoration and/or enhancement of the entire shoreline buffer, beyond what				
	may otherwise be required including, but not limited to, paved areas no				
	longer in use on the property in accordance with the standards of TMC				
	Section 18.44.080060, "Vegetation Protection and Landscaping." If the				
	required buffer has already been restored, the project proponent may				
	provide a 20% wider buffer, planted accordance with TMC Section	the height needed for a commercial building story.			
	18.44.060, "Vegetation Protection and Landscaping" and/or enhanced in				
	order to obtain the 4530% increase in height. in accordance with TMC				
	Section 18.44.080060, "Vegetation Protection and Landscaping."		Staff/Public - D1	Staff - Make change to	Drop percentage
	e. Incentives may not be used to increase building height above that	incentives being used to increase the likelihood that	item 3, D4 p. 4,	16' and drop	language and allow a
	permitted in the underlying zoning district.	shoreline restoration will occur.	D8 p.1	percentage language.	15 foot height incentive
	New, redeveloped or replaced flood hazard reduction structures may deviate				
	from the minimum levee profile only as follows must have an overall				
	waterward slope no steeper than 2.5:1 unless it is not physically possible to				
	achieve such a slope. A floodwall may be substituted for all or a portion of a				
	levee back slope-only-where necessary to avoid encroachment or damage to				
	a structure legally constructed prior to the date of adoption of this subsection,				
	and which structure has not lost its nonconforming status or to allow area for				
	waterward habitat restoration development. The floodwall shall be designed				
	to be the minimum necessary to provide 1510 feet of clearance between the				
	levee and the building, or the minimum necessary to preserve access				
	needed for building functionality while meeting all engineering safety	Commenter asks that floodwalls be allowed to preserve			
	standards. A floodwall may also be used where necessary to prevent the	private property in any situation where there is no loss			
	levee from encroaching upon a railroad easement recorded prior to the date	of ecological function in the shoreline. No specific		Staff - No further	No change from the
	of adoption of this subsection.	language proposed.	Public - D4 p. 4		Staff Draft
10.44.000 € 3.	or data priorit of this data couldnix	language proposed.	r dono Bip. i	onango	otan Bran
	Halting the continuing decline of Puget Sound Chinook salmon and Southern	Commenter states that staff's proposed new language			
	Resident Orca calls for an improvement to current shoreline conditions,	calling for an improvement in shoreline conditions is			
	which have been degraded by human activity over time. All shoreline				
	development and uses shall at a minimum occur in a manner that results in				
	no net loss of shoreline ecological functions through the careful location and				
	design of all allowed development and uses. In cases where impacts to				
	shoreline ecological functions from allowed development and uses are			Staff - Delete the first	
	unavoidable, those impacts shall be mitigated according to the provisions of				
	this section; in that event, the "no net loss" standard is met.	"improved water quality and quantity control programs		sentence but keep "at a	
18.44.050 H 1.		that improve the river's water quality."	4	minimum."	Change as shown

TMC 18.44 Edits Page 3 of 7

Section	Change	Comment Summary/Staff Discussion	Source	Recommendation	PC Action
	Shoreline armoring such as rip rap rock revetments and other hard shoreline				
	stabilization techniques are detrimental to river processes and habitat				
	<u>creation.</u> Where allowed, shoreline armoring shall be designed, constructed				
	and maintained in a manner that does not result in a net loss of shoreline				
	ecological functions, including fish habitat, and shall conform to the				
	requirements of the 2004 Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife				
	(or as amended) criteria and guidelines for integrated stream bank protection				
	(Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife, Washington Department				
	of Ecology and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Olympia, Washington), U.S.	Commenter: The proposed initial new comment about			
	Army Corps of Engineers and other regulatory requirements. The hard	hard revetments is contrary to the rest of the paragraph,			
	shoreline stabilization must be designed and approved by an engineer	and other parts of the SMP, that allow them when			
	licensed in the State of Washington and qualified to design shoreline	appropriate. Staff: The added language explains why		Staff - Keep language	No change from the
18.44.050 F 6	stabilization structures.	there are limitations on the use of shoreline armoring.	Public - D4 p.4	as proposed.	Staff Draft
	4. Over-water Structures. Where allowed, over-water structures such as				
	piers, wharves, bridges, and docks shall meet the following standards:				
	h. Shading impacts to fish shall be minimized by using grating on at least				
	30% of the surface area of the over-water structure on residential areas and				
	at least 50% of the over-water structure on all other properties. This standard	environment. Grating can create safety issues for		Staff - Keep proposed	
	may be modified for bridges if necessary to accommodate the proposed use.	bicycle traffic and therefore some flexibility should be		language from staff	No change from the
18.44.050 K 4.	The use of skirting is not permitted.	allowed in order to maximize multi-modal use.	Public - D4 p. 4	draft shown in red	Staff Draft
	5. a. (2) (2) Noxious weed control within vegetative buffers, if work is				
	selective only for noxious species; is done by hand removal/spraying of	f			
	individual plants; spraying is conducted by a licensed applicator (with the				
	required aquatic endorsements from WADOE if work is in an aquatic site);	Commenter: This is nicely worded. You may want to add			
	and no area-wide vegetation removal or grubbing is conducted. Control	that the "licensed herbicide applicator" needs to have			
	methods not meeting these criteria may still apply for a restoration	the required aquatic herbicide permits from WA Ecology		Staff - Add new	
18.44.060 A	exemption, or other authorization as applicable.	if the application occurs in an aquatic site.	Public - D7 p.1	language	Change as shown
	T	Commenter: Parking of vehicles within a CRZ (critical			Change as shown,
	Tree Protection	root zone) should be allowed if the parking preceded the			Heading changed to C.
	10. No storage of equipment or refuse, parking of vehicles, dumping of	planting. Staff: This section only applies when a site is		Staff - Keep proposed	Tree Protection During
	materials or chemicals, or placement of permanent heavy structures or items	developed or redeveloped, at which time the site should		language from staff	Development and
18.44.060 C	shall occur within the CRZ.	be brought up to current code.	Public - D4 p. 4	draft	Redevelopment
	3. a. (6) The use follows Best Management Practices as described by the	King County Noxious Weed Control Program also has		Staff - Add new	
18.44.060 D	KCNWCP current practice documents.	jurisdiction in this area.	Public - D7 p.2	language	Change as shown
	Restoration Project Plantings: Restoration projects may overplant the site				
	as a way to discourage the re-establishment of invasive species. Thinning of				
	vegetation to improve plant survival and health without a separate shoreline				
	vegetation to improve plant survival and heath without a separate shoreline vegetation removal permit may be permitted five to ten years after planting it	d			
	this approach is approved as part of the restoration project's maintenance	Commenter recommends adding language about the			
	and monitoring plan and with approval by the City prior to thinning work.	purpose of triffilling for these defisely planted restoration		Staff - Add new	
18.44.060 D	Tand monitoring plan and with approval by the City prior to thinning work.	sites. Staff proposes the additional language in red.	Public - D8 p.1	language	Change as shown

TMC 18.44 Edits Page 4 of 7

Section	Change	Comment Summary/Staff Discussion	Source	Recommendation	PC Action
	1. Development on Properties Abutting Existing Green River Trail. An				
	applicant seeking to develop property abutting the existing trail shall meet				
	public access requirements by upgrading the trail along the property frontage				
	to meet the standards of a 4412-foot-wide trail with 2-foot shoulders on each				
	side. If a 12 foot wide trail exists on the property it shall mean public access			PC - Add the proposed	
	requirements have been met if access to the trail exists within 1000 feet of	The proposed change clarifies when a trail fulfills the		language from staff	No change from the
18.44.080 C	the property.	public access requirements for a property.	Staff	draft	Staff Draft
	2. Development on Properties Where New Regional Trails are Planned.				
	An applicant seeking to develop property abutting the river in areas identified	Commenter encourages the City to add smaller trail			
	for new shoreline trail segments shall meet public access requirements by	width standards to address different circumstances			
	dedicating an 4816-foot-wide trail easement to the City for public access				
		impacts to critical areas and shoreline environments			
	3. On-Site Trail Standards. Trails providing access within a property, park	while still encouraging access. Staff proposes an			
	or restoration site shall be developed at a width appropriate to the expected			Staff - Add new	
18.44.080 C	usage and environmental sensitivity of the site.	used for regional access.	Public - D8 p.2	language	Change as shown
	The Green/Duwamish River is an amenity that should be valued and				
	celebrated when designing projects that will be located along its length. The				
	river and its tributaries support salmon runs and resident trout, including ESA				
	listed Chinook salmon, Bull Trout and Steelhead. If any portion of a project	Commenter states that the placement of this language			
	falls within the shoreline jurisdiction, then the entire project will be reviewed	infers that ESA requirements would apply to upland			
	under these guidelines as well as the relevant sections of the Design Review				
	Chapter of the Zoning Code (TMC Chapter 18.60). The standards of TMC	language would be better placed in the Ordinance		Staff - Delete the	
	Chapter 18.60 shall guide the type of review, whether administrative or by		Staff/Public - D1		
18.44.090	the Board of Architectural Review.	further explain the intent behind the regulations.	item 5	language.	Change as shown

TMC 18.44 Edits Page 5 of 7

Section	Change	Comment Summary/Staff Discussion	Source	Recommendation	PC Action
18.44.090	4. Design of Flood walls				
	To prevent long stretches of blank walls the exposed portion of new floodwalls should be designed to incorporate brick or stone facing, textured concrete block, design elements formed into the concrete or vegetation to cover the wall within 3 years.		PC	Staff - Add new language	Add "The exposed new floodwalls should be designed to incorporate brick or stone facing, textured concrete block, design elements formed into the concrete or vegetation to cover the wall within 3 years."
18.44.100	B. Changes in Shoreline Jurisdiction Due to Restoration.				
	1. Relief may be granted from Shoreline Master Program standards and use regulations in cases where shoreline restoration projects result in a change in the location of the OHWM and associated Shoreline Jurisdiction and/or critical area buffers on the subject property and/or adjacent properties, and where application of this chapter's regulations would preclude or interfere with the uses permitted by the underlying zoning, thus presenting a hardship to the project proponent.	This section allows relief for adjacent parcels when a restoration project causes the movement of the OHWM and extends shoreline jurisdiction onto areas that were not previously subject to shoreline regulations. Wetlands may also be created as part of restoration projects. If so these wetland buffer impacts are also eligible to be modified.	Staff	PC - Add the proposed language from staff draft	No change from the Staff Draft
	3. Consistent with the provisions of subparagraphs B.1.a, 1.b and 1.c above, the Shoreline Residential Environment Buffer, High Intensity, or Urban Conservancy Environment, or critical area Buffer width may be reduced to no less than 25 feet measured from the new location of the OHWM for the portion of the property that moves from outside the Shoreline Jurisdiction to inside Shoreline Jurisdiction as a result of the shoreline restoration project, subject to the following standards:	The legislative intent is to relieve adjacent properties of regulation due solely to the restoration work so to be	Staff	PC - Add the proposed language from staff draft	No change from the Staff Draft
18.44.110	G 2 a. (2) If the structure is located on a property that has no reasonable development potential outside the shoreline buffer, there shall be no limit on the cost of alterations. If the structure is located on a property that has reasonable development potential outside the shoreline buffer, the cost of the alterations may not exceed an aggregate cost of 50% of the value of the building or structure in any 3-year period based upon its most recent assessment, unless the amount over 50% is used to make the building or structure more conforming, or is used to restore to a safe condition any portion of a building or structure declared unsafe by a proper authority.	Commenter states that the limitation on improvements to non-conforming structures results in their being left vacant because they cannot be improved sufficiently to make them marketable. Either repair and maintenance should be allowed without limits or add the proposed language. Staff's response is that "reasonable development potential" is a subjective standard that would be difficult to apply consistently. The intent of non-conforming regulations is to limit reinvestment in properties and buildings that are not consistent with area goals. Shoreline variances may be used for cases of true hardship.		Staff - No change	Change as shown

TMC 18.44 Edits Page 6 of 7

Section	Change	Comment Summary/Staff Discussion	Source	Recommendation	PC Action
		Commenter requests that repair, maintenance and			
		replacement of private bridges be expressly allowed			
	G 2 a. (3) Maintenance, repair or replacement of an existing private bridge is				
	allowed, without a conditional use permit, when it the maintenance, repair or				
	replacement does not involve the use of hazardous substances, sealants or	maintenance but replacing a bridge should be subject to		Staff - add the	
	other liquid oily substances, and provided the location of a replaced bridge	review. Staff recommends striking the language in blue		proposed language in	Change per staff
18.44.110	may not encroach further into the shoreline buffer than the existing bridge.	from the suggested additions.	Public - D5 p.2	red	recommendation
					Add "G 6 e. The area
					beneath a non-
					conforming structure
		Commenter requests clarification that if a non-			may be converted to a
		conforming structure is demolished the footprint can be			contiguous parking lot
		incorporated into an existing parking lot. Staff agrees		Staff - add the	area if the non-
	G 6 e. The area beneath a non-conforming structure may be converted to	that this would be the least intrusive use of the new		proposed new	conforming structure is
18.44.110	parking lot area if the non-conforming structure is demolished.	area.	Public - D5 p.3	language	demolished."
		Commenter states we strongly support the new			
	under the SMP in effect at the time of submittal of the revision, and not the				
	SMP under which the original shoreline permit was approved and processed	treated as existing in perpetuity and reasonable time		Staff - No change from	No change from the
18.44.110	in accordance with WAC 173-27-100.	limits should be instituted.	Public - D8 p.2	the staff draft	Staff Draft
	Commenter suggests that a vesting provision be added to the Shoreline				
	regulations to assure that when a project is phased into first land	Staff responds that unlike critical areas regulations the			
	development (grading, utilities) followed by building permits those later	shoreline buffer width changes much less frequently (in			
	permits are vested to the version of the shoreline regulations in effect when	Tukwila once in 45 years) and shoreline jurisdiction is			No change from the
18.44.110	the shorelline work was done.	fixed by state law.	Public - D2 p.1	Staff - No change	Staff Draft

TMC 18.44 Edits Page 7 of 7